Thio Statesman

LEWIS BAKER, Editors.

COLUMBUS, OHIO: MONDAY MORNING, - - - OCT. 31.

Policy of Conciliation.

-Hogario SEYMOUR.



NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET

[Presidential Election, Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1964.] For President, GEORGE B. McCLELLAN

OF NEW JERSEY. For Vice-President, GEORGE H. PENDLETON,

OF OHIO. For Electors of President and Vice President of the United States.

> CHARLES REEMELIN, THOMAS W. BARTLEY, JOHN L. VATTIER, JOHN SCHIFF, WILLIAM J. GILMORE, LUTHER SMITH, CHARLES N. LAMISON, WILLIAM B. TELFAIR. WILLIAM H. CREIGHTON, JUDSON A. BEEBE, EDWARD S. STOWE, JAMES G. HALY. HENRY C. MOORE, JAMES EMMITT, CHARLES H. JOHNSTON, NEAL POWER, ROBERT A. CONSTABLE, OLIVER J. SWANEY, CHARLES M. ATEN, DAVID R. PAIGE, SIMEON L. HUNT.

THE ARGUMENT IN A NUTSHELL.

LOOK AT THIS PICTURE. ELECT

LINCOLN McCLELLAN AND THE WHOLE

ELECT

Black Republican ticket Democratic ticket You will bring on NEGRO You will defeat NEGRO EQUALITY, more DEBT, EQUALITY, restore pros-

DRAFT! UNION:

Universal anarchy, and In an honorable, perms ultimate nent and happy

RUIN! PEACE!

Hon. S. S. Cox in the Empire State. Mr. Cox's speaking tour throughout New York is a series of grand ovations, which must be exceedingly gratifying to that distinguished tribune of the people, after the disgraceful outrages at Richmond and Xenia. In Buffalo, in Syracuse, in Canandaigua, in Rochester, and in Albany, where he has already spoken, he was greeted by such audiences as were never before assembled in the Empire State. The lowest estimate of the number present at the smallest of all the meetings, puts it at PORTY THOUsand; and Cox's speeches are all commended as being most powerful and most eloquent productions. He will speak in Brooklyn to-night; at Monmouth Battle Ground, in New Jersey, to-morrow; in New York City on Wednesday evening. From there he goes to Philadelphia, and through Pennsyl-

We are assured that New York and Pennsylvania will both go for McClellan, and that he will certainly be elected.

Walker!

ROBERT J. WALKER, a renegade Democrat who now holds one of the ten thousand new offices created by ABRAHAM LINCOLN and is living in Europe in grand style on a big salary, has written a long winded letter on behalf of his master's claims to the Presidency, in which he labors to convince himself that "there should be but one party in the United States," and that party the one which pays him his salary. According to WALKER'S magnificent political creed, any movement to defeat Lincoln, is a conspiracy to cheat Robert J. out of his salary, and it is, therefore, treason. Every man who refuses to join the old fashioned Abolition Disunion party is a traitor treacher ously bent upon robbing WALKER of the pap he has managed to secure for himself under every Administration during the last thirty years. This disinterested patriot need not be so dreadfully alarmed about himself, for he can more easily turn Demo crat again, swallow his words, and support CCLELLAN'S Administration—in an office than any man in Europe or America. He as swallowed himself so often, politically, that it has become a habit with him.

Poor Shryock!

It became our duty some time ago-i as a disagreeable duty—to dispose of poor mayork, a half-witted booby who is trying to edit an unclean little sheet over at Zanesville called The Courier. He ink away into his hole covered with the ridicule and contempt that we felt called administer, and was not heard from antil near the close of last week, when he ventured to steal out long enough to feebly object (in very lad English) to us as Presi-dent of the Democratic Editorial Association felt of the Democratic Editorial Association of Ohio an organization which he has not sense enough to see the necessity of. We advise his friends—if he has any—to keep him in, else what little of brains he has any be thrown into still greater confusion by being Ricked as he deserves to be. It isn't safe for such a fool to undertake to handle

The Loyal League Conspiracy to Carry the Election by Fraud. The Abolitionists, elated by their success

in perpetrating election frauds in Indiana and elsewhere, and seriously alarmed at their greatly diminished majorities in Ohio, are perfecting arrangements to perpetrate frauds in this State. The preliminary symptom of this conspiracy is given out by the State House clerks who correspond with the Cincinnati Abolition papers, and do the unclean work for the Abolition State Central Committee. From what these correspondents give out, it is pretty clear that the Loyal Leaguers have a plan to vote at the Presidential Election in citizens' clothes in the morning and in soldiers' clothes in the afternoon, and keep on voting wherever and whenever they can, as they did at Indianapolis and other points in Indiana, on the 11th of October. The Democracy should be prepared to detect and expose these Abolition frauds wherever attempted. The Loyal Leaguers are sworn to carry the election for their master in Washington, and there is not a particle of doubt that they will for once attempt to keep their oaths, even if fraud and bloodshed are required. Let Democrats be warned in time. This is no electioneering story -it is the solid truth.

The Democratic Press and the Local Committees.

The Democratic papers of Ohio are doing their whole duty in this great contest. We have never known them to be more ably and efficiently conducted than they are now. Their arguments and their appeals are having a powerful effect among the people; their exposures of corruption and crime in high places, and their denunciations of the tyrannical acts and outrages perpetrated by our wicked rulers, are bringing many over to the true faith-to the support of the Hero-Statesman, George B. McClellan. The Democratic county papers are edited with unusual vigor and force in this extraordinary campaign, and are more than ever before entitled to the liberal support of the Democratic people and politicians of their respective counties.

The local committees, too, outside of this city and this county, are nobly discharging the duties with which they are intrusted; and are prosecuting the canvass most vigorously and effectively. To them and to the Democratic press of Ohio, we will be largely indebted for the great popular triumph we shall achieve on the Eighth of NOVEMBER.

A Specimen of Abolition Lying. We find the following infamous lie in a late issue of The Sandusky Register-a paper that claims to be about as decent as any of its Abolition cotemporaries; and we only reproduce it to show our readers how desperate Lincoln's dogs are becoming:

"Has anybody ever seen the Chicago Platform in a Democratic paper, since the date of its promulgation? No. But a vast number of the Union papers keep it up as standing matter in their columns—it being found the best electioneering article they

Our readers need not be told that we have kept the Chicago Platform as standing matter in The Statesman ever since our return from the Convention; and most of the other Democratic papers have done, and are doit up as standing matter in their columns." We don't know of one that does it! What

reckless lying! THE State of Ohio is being flooded with Abolition documents in the shape of roorbacks, greenbacks, and lies, pending the Presidential Election. Lincoln's postmasters are folding them in the papers of Democrats. This proceeding shows to what straits the Administration is driven, in orpolicy four years longer.

THE soldiers from Pickaway County in the 114th Regiment O. V. I., gave FINCE 39 votes for Congress, and STEVENSON 79 .-The vote of the entire Regiment stood thus: Democratic, 105; Republican, 247, Last year VALLANDIGHAM had but two votes in this Regiment. This is a commendable gain for the Democracy.

Pennsylvania Election. [Special Correspondence of Cleveland Plain Dealer.

612 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA., October 24, 1864. Mr. John S. Stephenson, Editor Cleveland Plain

Dealer: Deal Sir:—There have been so many erroneous and false reports circulated, regarding the election in Pennsylvania, that I think it but just and proper to inform you the true and simple statement of the vote of the people of Pennsylvania, at the recent election, held on the 1th inst.

The official vote gives the Democracy majority of over two thousand on the Congressional tickets, and over eight thousand one hundred, on the county tickets. The vote last year, for Governor, resulted as fol-

Curtin's majority Thus it will be seen that the Democracy have made a gain of over twenty-three thousand votes, over last year's figures. This, considering the shortness of the cam-

This, considering the shortness of the campaign, is a glorious triumph. It will not be putting the figures too high, when I say Pennsylvania will give twenty thousand majority for George B. McClellan.

Our State is well organized—never better. The people are wide awake to the issues before them. The corruption of money, or the irowns of power, will not deter the honest yeomanry of Pennsylvania, from sounding the key-note to the death-knell of the first Administration who dared to trample down the sacred rights of the American ple down the sacred rights of the American citizen—for which our fathers fought dur-ing a long and bloody struggle of seven

I will telegraph you the probable result in Pennsylvania, on the night of the elec-tion, so look out for a thunderbolt from the old Keystone, ever first and firm in the arch

This is the epithet applied to the gallant soldiers from this city, who recently reinforced the Seventeenth Battery, at New Orleans, to the number of twenty. A majority of these men voted for Mr. Houk, and therefore the Journal bestows upon them the odious and opprobrious epithet—"gang!" and asserts that the battery will not be benefitted by the addition of such men. Persons in the army, who choose to exercise their own judgment in voting, will please take notice, that in the Black Republican estimation, they are no longer "brave boys," but simply "a gang." The secret of this vote is to be found in the fact, that these brave and honest fellows have secret of this vote is to be found in the fact, that these brave and honest fellows have remained long enough at home to know and appreciate the patriotism of the Democracy; while those who have been in the field for two or three years, have been lied to and deceived by the Black Republicans, and who are in total ignorance of the character of parties at home. Were the army all as well informed as the new recruits just going to the field, nine-tentals of the rank and file would vote the Democratic ticket.—Dayton Empire.

From The New York World, Oct. 28.] THE LATEST OUTRAGE.

Attempt to Rob Democratic Soldier of their Votes-Insult to New York State-The State Agents in Washington and Baltimore Arrested and their Offices Closed-The Beginning of the End-Confession of an Administration Stool-Pigeon-The Feeling in this City-What the People think

We print below the dispatches received last night in reference to the outrage upon the New Yerk State Soldiers' Agencies in Baltimore and Washington, together with the dispatch to the *Tribune* foreshadowing the proceeding. The whole thing bears on its face the evidence that it is a part of Mr. Lincoln's "way" of managing the political campaign to re-elect himself. The charges are trumped up; the confessions are those of "stool-pigeons" in the interest of the Administration; and the immediate cause is the certainty that the electoral vote of New York is to be cast for General George B. McClellan, and that Horatio Seymour is to be re-elected to its chief magistracy.— Governor Seymour will doubtless see that the honor of the Empire State is fully vindicated, in which course he will have the support of all its truly patriotic citizens. [The dispatches that follow here, have already appeared in THE STATESMAN.-ED-

THE FEELING IN THE CITY. We took the trouble yesterday to send reporters to various portions of the city to ascertain the feeling, if possible, in regard to the gigantic conspiracy of the Adminis-tration to suppress the votes of Democratic soldiers by the arrest of our State agents— which plot was unmistakably foreshadowed in The Tribune of yesterday morning. The concurrent testimony of our reporters is, that throughout the entire metropolis there is but one sentiment as to the matter, that of thorough, unwavering determination that the Democratic soldiers shall have a fair vote; that the Democratic citizens will not submit for one instant to this last crown-ing act of despotism. The bitter indignation which is universally felt cannot be described; it is beyond words. The people believe that argument is exhausted, and that unless Lincoln recedes, there is but one course left

discussions which were overheard by our reporters. They will serve as an indication of the metropolitan sentiment. On the corner of Avenue A and East Twelfth street, a knot of people was col-lected last night, a little after six o'clock. From unmistakable indications in the shape of tin pails, begrimed faces, and horny hands, it was evident the crowd was composed of workmen. On stepping up, our reporter discovered that they had learned of the threatened suppression of our sol-diers' votes, and immediately transcribed the conversation of the two evident spokesmen of the party: "You don't really think, Mac, they'll do it?" "I know they will. They'll try it at any rate; but we'll sweep the - scoundrels off the earth!" "That's so, that's so," said a dozen voices in chorus. After some further remarks of the same de-

We give a brief record of a few of the

termined character, the crowd broke away. An exciting discussion took place in Wall st., near the office of The Journal of Commerce, yesterday. Some prominent Republicans were attempting to smooth over Lincoln's flagrant attempt to carry the election by fraud, declaring that the statement in The Tribune must be wholly untrue. But the Democrats in the crowd—and there were several—seemed impressed with the belief that there was more in this matter than even the paper in question had dared to disclose. The discussion ran very high, and at one time looked a little serious; but finally the assemblage dispersed without any disturb-

In the St. Nicholas and Fifth Avenue ing, the same thing. Nor is it true that "a hotels, the dialogues between individuals, and general discussions, were frequent throughout the afternoon and evening, and were often very bitter.

On eleven cars of the Third Avenue line yesterday afternoon, our reporter noted very earnest and exciting discussions on the all-important subject. But one opinion was expressed as to the merits and demer its of the matter, and no attempt was made to palliate the outrage. In most cases the Republicans engaged in these controversies confined their efforts to throwing doubt upon the statements of the *Tribune*.

The crowds assembled all day in front of the bulletin boards of The World would ocder to continue its ruinous and tyrannical casionally fall into argument upon the subect, two speakers becoming the nucleus for an eagerly interested throng. Very few attempts were made to soften the of-fense; but generally disbelief was exed by those favorable to the interests of Lincoln.

In brief, there was and is but one opinion in this matter. Mr. Lincoln must not attempt to perpetrate this terrible outrage upon the rights of the people; he must recede from the position he has taken. If he does not, he alone wi'l be responsible for whatever may follow.

[From The New York Journal of Commerce, Oct. 28.] ANOTHER GROSS OUTRAGE.

The State of New York has her election laws. Those laws provide for the punishment of all and every manner of fraud. The soldiers of New York vote under a law of the State of New York, with regulations provided by that law. The President of United States has nothing to do with their votes. His military commissions have nothing to do with them. There is a Re-publican inspector of elections at every poll-ing-place in the State, and a Democratic inspector at every polling-place. There is every possible precaution against fraud, and the severest punishments are meted out to

those who commit frauds.

What then is the meaning of an announcement in the N. Y. Tribune, that the authorities at Washington have seized a large quantity of soldiers' ballots on their way to this State, and have placed them in the hands of a military commission to examin whether they are genuine or not. It can have but one meaning. There is a plot to stop the votes of our brave New York soldiers from coming home. We have abundant evidence that they are voting in large majorities for McClellan. There are no fraudulent votes on the way home. It can only be that the genuine McClellan votes of

only be that the genuine McClellan votes of the army are thus seized by the order of the candidate who is opposing McClellan.

The news from every part of the country shows that McClellan is the stronger candi-date. We gain from hour to hour. Hence we anticipate desperate efforts on the part of the radicals. But, with calm, steadfast, patriotic determination on the part of Un-ion men, we shall certainly save the coun-try from impending ruin. Let every one take courage.

[From The Buffalo Courier, Oct. 28.] The New York soldiers' vote.

The Administration, having ascertained the fact that the soldiers in New York regiments are voting more than two to one for McClellan and the Union, has undertaken the perpetration of a most outrageous fraud. A dispatch to the Tribune announces that the Military Commission which was investigating the contraband sales of supplies to the rebels, made by Baltimore and Washington merchants, has adjourned to Baltimore to inquire into trumped-up frauds alleged to have been committed by New York State Agency at Baltimore has been closed by Provost Marshals, and several agents of the State arrested. The purpose is plain. The soldiers who have expressed their intentions to vote for McClellan, and whose ballots are on their way, are to be denied the right of suffrage, if the military power of this Administration is adequate to this end. THE NEW YORK SOLDIERS' VOTE.

The public swindler and absconding ballot-box stuffer, Morton, would have acted wisely if he had brought along a few of his military tools when he came East. He may need them.—World.

An Infamous Electioneering Bul- DR. LICHTHILL,

From Frankfort, Ky., the capital of that State, we have received a copy of The Lex-ington National Unionist, organ of the Ad-ministration, of the 18th October. The

ministration, of the 18th October. The leading article is a statement of the plan to be observed there in conducting the next election, and threatens vengeance on all who vote for McClellan. We quote:

"The Presidential election, as all know, occurs on the 8th day of November next, when all who are entitled to vote, will have an expectantly of enrolling themselves for an opportunity of enrolling themselves for Lincoln and law, or for McClellan and the Southern Confederacy. All those who vote for the former will prove themselves supe-rior to the "negro;" those who east their suffrage for the latter will show to all those who witness the act, that they are rebels and traitors, and, if Kentuckians, that they think more of slavery than the Government, their country, yes their God, for with rebels and traitors, the woolly headed negro becomes their God."

And on that day the Unconditional Union men propose, and are fully determined to see, that none, no not one, who is disfran-chised by the Kentucky law, shall cast his vote. They are determined that only those who are by law entitled to vote, shall do so at the cyming election. The history of every man in our country is written out, they are all known, all morked, and will be remembered, and it will be useless for any illegal voter to present himself at the polls

on that day.

"After the election, the poll books will show how each man has east his vote, and these books will be freely consulted to ascertain who are loyal and who disloyal, and when the gentlemen present themselves be-fore our Board of Trade, &c., &c., declaring their loyalty, they will only have to refer to the poll books to stamp them as traitors, i they have voted for the candidates so much admired by Jeff. Davis & Co., for whom rebel soldiers, traitors and spies will want to vote. Look before you leap. Beware, before it is too late."

The concluding paragraph of this article would disgrace the minion of an European emperor in Poland or France. What can men be thinking of when they offer such arguments as this to Americans? Is the old glory gone forever, that men think the American spirit can be cowed, and the American blood turned to water by such threats as these from newspaper warriors The nation would deserve to meet its end if such threats really affected the minds of

Will the People Heed? The address of the Democratic State Committee of Indiana, which we print this morning, ought to be read by every honest voter in the land. The charges it makes of frauds on the part of the Republicans to secure the re-election of Governor Morton are not loose allegations, such as are apt to circulate during a political campaign, but actual facts, undeniable facts, terrible facts. The committee prove conclusively that the frauds in fourteen counties resulted in an increase of the Republican vote nearly equal to Morton's alleged majority in the whole State; and in these counties there were cast eleven thousand more votes than were cast in 1860, and this, notwithstanding the number of men which Indiana has furnished for the army. How this outrage was accomplished is well known. Soldiers from other States voted the Republican

ticket again and again, until a villainous rivalry arose as to who had voted the often-What words are strong enough to express the feeling of honest men at such a recital as this? Call it wrong, illegal, outrageous, and the truth is but half told. The times demand something stronger than words. There is a point beyond which forbearance is no longer a virtue, and, unless we mis-take the signs of the times, that point is nearer at hand than the abettors of these frauds may wish. The freedom and purity of elections once destroyed, there is but one course left to all who love their country and desire to save it from utter ruin. To be forewarned is to be forearmed.—World.

The following extract from a private let-ter from an officer of the Eighty-eighth Regiment New York State Volunteers, shows how the brave soldiers vote when they are not overawed by the Administra-

Headquarters 88th Regt., N. Y. S. V., NEAR PETERSBURG, Va., Oct. 20. MY DEAR-

My regiment voted to-day. There were two hundred entitled to vote, and they all voted for McClellan and Gov. Seymour. the New York soldiers are voting for Mc-Clellan. I think the army vote is tampered with, as most of the officers are Lincoln men. You know nost of the soldiers who served under McClellan are dead. Yes, they died fighting bravely, while most of the fellows who are now voting for Lincoln were at home at ease. But after all, Mc-Clellan will carry the army, and if he don't the majority to Lincoln will be small.

New Advertisements.

LECTURE

At the Opera House.

THE REV. C. F. SAMARIUS WILL THE PAGAN AND CHRISTIAN FAMILIES,

at the Opera House, on Wednesday Evening, November 2d. Lecture to commence at 7% o'clock.
Tickets Fifty cents.
The proceeds will be devoted to charitable pur-

oct31-3t James A. Robey and Mary Jane Robey, Pitffs, Court of Common Pleas Franklin County. Wilson Stambaugh, Def't.) ON THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, A.

D. 1884, said Court issued an order of attachment in the above action, for the sum of seventy-one dollars and seven cents, and costs accrued.

JAMES A. ROBEY.

Dissolution. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
the partnership heretofore existing between
the undersigned, under the firm name of Gilmore &
Brush, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
The business will hereafter be corducted by B.
Gilmore.

B. GILMORE.
HENRY BRUSH.

Columbus, October 27, 1864.

J. D. OSBORN & CO.

Call the attention of the public to their large and DRYGOODS Carpeting, Oil Cloths,

Window Shades and Curtains, And General House Furnishing Goods Having made large purchases

AT AUCTION.

They are enabled to, and will give great bargains, oct29-1m MILTON SAYLER WARE & SAYLER ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW Office, No. 81 West Third Street,

GEO. W. ANDREWS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, WAPAKONETA,
Anglaize co., o.,
is the Cour of Westers Ohio.

Cincinnati. O.

OF THE FIRM OF DRS. LIGHTHILL 34 St. Mark's Place, N. Y., Will make his second visit to

COLUMBUS, MONDAY, NOV. 14th, and will remain at the

NEIL HOUSE, Until SATURDAY, NOV, 19th, where he can be

Deafness, Catarrh, Discharges from the Ear, Noises in the Head,

And all the various Acute & Chronic Diseases of the

EAR AND THROAT.

DR. LIGHTHILL will re-visit COLUMBUS at regular intervals according to the requirements of the patients under his charge. The business in New York does not suffer any interruption from this visit, as one of the firm is there in constant attendance.

TESTIMONIALS.

From Hon. D. H. Cole, Senator from the Treenty Ninth District. ALBANY, Jan. 25th, 1864. My DEAR DR. LIGHTHILL—It is with great satisfaction that I communicate to you the effects of the medicines you gave me, on my application to you, for defective hearing. I followed your directions and am happy to state that I am now so far recovered after the first few applications as to feel quite confident that I am well and shall not need to proceed farther. D. H. COLE
Albany, Orleans county, N. Y.

NEW TESTIMONIALS,

[From the Home Journal, June 4th.] [From the Home Journal, June 4th.]
In every business or profession, indeed in every department of science or skill, there is always some acknowledged had—some one who stands out in bold relief among his fellows, as a sort of leader. In the study and treatment of deafness and catarrh, as special diseases, Dr. E. B. LIGHTHILL, of this city, occupies just the position above described. He has devoted years of labor to this speciality, and is now reaping the reward of his industry. The editorial columns of the Tribune, of a recent date, bear witness to the Doctor's success in this department of medicine. We quote the paragraph:
"Cure of a Deaf Muye.—Louis Loewinstein,

ment of medicine. We quote the paragraph:

"CURE OF A DEAF MUTE.—LOUIS LOEWINSTEIN, a lad fourteen years of age, born in Germany, came to this city when he was about two years old. Soon after his arrival here he was taken sick and lost his hearing. By degrees he became first deaf and then dumb. For nearly ten years he was a mute, unable to hear the loudest voice, or to articulate a word.—About one year age he was placed by his parents in the hands of Dr. LIGHTHILL, who has so far succeeded in restoring to him his lost powers of hearing and utterance that he can converse with those who speak to him distinctly and deliberately. During the past four or five months he has been under the tuition of Mr. Hennecke, and has made considerable progress in reading and arithmetic." rable progress in reading and arithmetic

erable progress in reading and arithmetic."

Having been supplied with the lad's address, we further investigated the matter, and discovered that, previous to calling on Dr. Lighthill, the youth's case was considered hopeless, and he was for two years an immate of the Deal and Dumb Asylum. The Rev. John Nott, D.D., Professor in Union College, Scheneciady, in a published letter, tenders his gratitude to Dr. Lighthill for treating successfully his case of deafness. Rev. FEED. S. Jewell, Professor of the State Normal School at Albany, also testifies to baving been cured of catarrh. Dr. Lighthill possesses other testimonials and tributes to his talent from some of our wealthiest and most prominent and respected citizens, which may be seen on application. It would be difficult to speak in any but terms of praise of his treatment, in the face of these many proofs and facts testifying to his success.

REMARKABLE CURE OF DEAFNESS. From Rev. Joseph M. Clarke, Rector of St. James

STRACUSE, Feb. 20, 1864. I have been deaf in one ear ever since I was in college, some twenty years ago. By the skill of Dr. LIGHTHILL, its hearing was entirely restored, so that now I hear alike with both ears and I find that I can use my voice with much more ease and comfort than before.

Aug 23-d3mis JOSEPH M. CLARKE.

AUCTION GOODS!

HEADLEY, RICHARDS & CO.

DAILY RECEIVING

D 0 0

Bought at the Recent

AUCTION SALES!

And Offer them at GREAT BARGAINS:

CALL AT ONCE,

And Secure Good Styles. NOS. 250 AND 252, South High Street.

Proposals for a Loan.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND OF THE STATE OF UNIO, COLUMBUS, October 1st, 1864. COLUMBUS, October 1st, 1864. STREET,

THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING Fund of Ohio, in pursuance of "An act to provide more effectually for the delense of the State against invasion," passed by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, March 30, 1804, will receive proposals at their office in the city of Columbus, Ohio,

Until 12 A. M., November 1st, 1864.

FOR A LOAN OF \$400,000. FOR A LOAN OF \$400,000.

Said loan to bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable half yearly at the Treasury of the State, in Columbus, on the first day of May, and first day of November, and the principal exempt from taxation, and redeemable at the State Treasury, on the first day of June, 1871.

No bids for sums under \$100 will be entertained, and no conditional bid, or bid not absolute in terms, will be considered. Each proposal shall state the price for each \$100 proposed to be taken. Payment of the amount of the respective bids must be made at this office within ten days after the acceptance thereof, at which time the proper certificates will be ready for delivery.

Proposals for the loan must be enclosed in a sealed envelope, and addressed to the "Commiss oners of the Sinking Fund," at Columbus, Ohio, and indorsed "Proposals for Ohio Union Loan."

JAMES H. GOD MAN, Anditor of State, W. W. ARMSTRONG, See'y of State, LYMAN R. CRITCHP IELD, Att'y Gen., Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, octl-td

HENRY KŒHLER Clate of Phalon's Establishment, N. Y
PROPRIETOR OF THE NEW YORK
Fashfonable Shaving, Hair Cutting, Shamy coning, Curling and Dressing Saloon,
In the Basement of the Nell House, unde
the Postoffice,

where satisfaction will be given in all the various Ladies' and Children's Hair Dressing done in the best style.

Er Warm and Cold Baths can be had
at all hours.

lyli-dly U. S. 7-30 Loan

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that abscriptions will be received for Coupon Tressury Notes, payable three years from Aug. 15th, 1864 with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum-principal as d interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option o the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 and \$5,000, and all subscrip tions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars. The notes will be transmitted to the owners free

transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be

prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15 person making deposits subsequent to that date n ust pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of de-

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand d llars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be

allowed a commission of one-quarter of one; er cent. SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a high er rate of interest than any other, and the best securiby. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it cannot pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bon s raya-

ble in government paper. It is equally convenient as a temporary or perma nent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated in terest, and are the best security with bank as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond. In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum. for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than nine per cent. premium, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxa-

But aside from all the advantages we have e umqr ated, a special Act of Congress exempts al'bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in va

rious parts of the country. -It is believed that no securities offer so great in ducements to lenders as those issued by the covern ment. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, o separate communities, only, is pledged for payment while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most libera te.m. for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the rec-

Up to the 24th of September, the subscript on to this loan amounted to over

\$40,000,000. SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the freasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and Designated Deposit

aries, and by the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF COLUMBUS, OHIO, ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will give further in orms

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GREAT REDUCTION IN THE

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BAIN & SON, Nos. 23 to 29 South High Street, Are now offering their stock of

SILKS. DRESS COODS. SHAWLS, CLOTHS, CLOAKS.

VELVETS, &C., Far Below the Present Gold Prices, As we have had the advantage of a continual rise in the prices of our Stock during the progress of the war, we now propose to give our customers the ad-vantage of the

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All Staple Goods Reduced. Calicoes and Muslins Reduced. Flannels and Table Linens Re-

Blankets and all Housekeeping Goods Reduced. Balmoral and Hoop Skirts Re-Cassimeres and Clonkings Reduced.

Embroideries and Laces Reduced. N. B.—We respectfully solicit from the ladies and others an examination of our Stock before purchas-ing, convinced, as we are, that we have One of the Best Stocks in this City. And will be sold as low, if not lower, than any house will sell the same

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COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF GREEN, BLACK AND NATURAL LEAF TEAS. Which we offer in original packages, or in quanti-ties to suit purchasers. We feel justified in saying that we never fail to meet all reasonable expecta-tions, and while orders are constantly coming in for "Just such Tea as you sent us before," complaints rarely occur. Persons who, as a matter of taste, or from hygienic considerations, use Black Tea, often find it difficult to get a good article.

OUR CHOICE BLACK TEAS cannot be excelled, and have established a reputa-**OUR NATURAL LEAFS**

are of the purest and sweetest chops, and being cured in the sun, are free from the deleterious ef-fects produced by contact with copper, A full line of staple and fancy Groceries always on hand at lowest market prices. BROOKS, STEARNS & CO., No. 273 South High St.

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"Hearding," &c., not exceeding Six lines, published in this column, for 25 cents each insertion.

PURCHASED SOME TIME SINCE, from a soldier, a young Mare. Circumstances have since transpired that leads me to the belief that she was a olen. If so, the owner can have her by proving property and paying charges.

DANIEL STREETER, oct28-3t

West Cansan, Madison Co., O.

WANTED .- BOARDING IN A PRI-V vate family, by two gentlemen. Address Rox 8, P. O.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FHEUMATISM.

NO DISEASE IS SO CERTAIN OF & URE y BRANDRETH'S PILLS as this. Tley soon ake out of the blood the particular Virus upon which all the pain depends, and the patient is

Mr. T. M. Adams, 306 Twelfth street, New York, suffered with Rheumatism for a long per od. He was attended by able physicians, but their rescriptions were of no avail; he was unable to move without assistance, and for four months was al . ort entirely confined to his bed. At this period of his sickness, when hope had fled, and he expected to be a cripple for the remainder of his life, he was rec-

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

The first box evidently made him better; the improvement was more decided from the seco d box, and by the time he had used eighteen boxes, he was entirely cured of Rheumstism, and the trength and suppleness of his limbs were restored. It is now over a year that this cure has been effected, and he has had no return, but continues in the enjoyment of perfect health. May 9th, 1861. Sold by JOHN R. COOK, High street, Columbus, Ohio, an I by all respectable dealers in medicines. oct28-d&wlm

WONDERFUL CHANGES

ave occurred in this country during the last t' rea Revolutions in Color, oduced among the Heads of the People, by CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.

The history of the success of great discoveries afords no parallel in the triumphs over com; eti ion and prejudice, accomplished by this powerful yet harmless vegotable agent, which instants cously changes any obnoxious color of the hair into a black or brown as magnificent as any that Heaven ever bestowed upon the head of man or woman. Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applie by all Hair Dressers.

DR. TOBIAS'

VENETIAN LINIMENT. ORE TESTIMONY! THIS IS TO certify that for the last five years I hav used in my family Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venetian Lininent, and in every instance have found it fu ly equal to his recommendations. I have found it to give almost instantaneous relief in cases of toothsche, croup, bilious colic, sore throat, pain in the chest and back, and rheumatism, and I che rfully recommend its trial to every one afflicted wit' a y

of the above-named diseases. JAMES H. WARN R. HARTFORD, CONN., Oct. 16th, 1861. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt s rect. oct27-d&w1m

(From the Journal and Messenger, a religious ; aper of Cincinnati.) Cure for Dyspepsia. Cure for Dyspepsia.

MR. EDITOR: I feel it due to those who are sufering from dyspepsia to state a remedy, which I have been advised to use, and which has effected a cure. I was afflicted with the unpleasant consequences of indigestion last winter and spring, till my health was despaired of. I have been an oppuser to patent medicines generally, but was induced to use. "Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters," manufactured in your city. One bottle has relieved me of all those symptome, and I can now gratify a good app, tite upon the luxuries of this bountiful season, without experiencing the exceedingly unpleasant elects which eating even light food caused me a few months since.

I believe this medicine to be good and effective in those diseases of the stomach for which it is recommended. I write this without the knowledge of Dr. Roback or any one concerned, and do it first o all for the good of those suffering from indigestion and its kindred results. We know the writer of the above, and that he is what he professes to be—a minister and agentle—an octa7-dewlm

MATRIMONIAL! LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, If you wish to marry, address the undersig ed who will send you without money and without pa ice valuable information that will enable you to marry happy and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth or beauty. This information will cost you nothing, and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no questions asked. Address

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A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by bane ul and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this me cine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who need Free of Charge.

STATION D. BIBLE HOUSE. sept9'64-dly New York City. TO CONSUMPTIVES. Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable pr escription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung affections (free of charge,) by sending their address to

JOSEPH T. INMAN,

ourself. Address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York. sept 30-d&w3m Br. Strickland .- The valuable remedies c ;fered by this regularly educated physician, who came here from Tennessee, highly commended, will be found advertised in our columns. His office is No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati. O. We would advise any one suffering from a dis-

essing cough or any other affection of the throat or

ungs, to try Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough

alsam. It is for sale at the Drug Stores. may25-d&wlw COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP. This celebrated Toilet Sonp, in such universe emand, is made from the choicest materials, mild and emolliont in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its ction upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists an ! Fancy Goods Dealers.

I earnestly caution all young men suffering from Nervous Debility, etc., against endangering them health by patronising any of the advertising quacks. You can fully recover by the methods used by the Advertiser, and by hundreds of others, and my normal way. Read a letter which I will send you for you will send me a postpaid envelope bearing your address. Direct to

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